Stormwater Management Report

for:

Large Scale Ground Mounted Solar Photovoltaic Installation

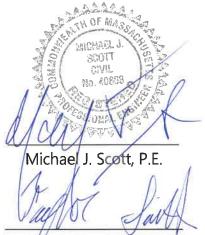
2394 Main Poland Road Conway, MA 01581

Project Proponent:

Nexamp, LLC

101 Summer Street, 2nd Floor Boston, MA 02110

December 2018



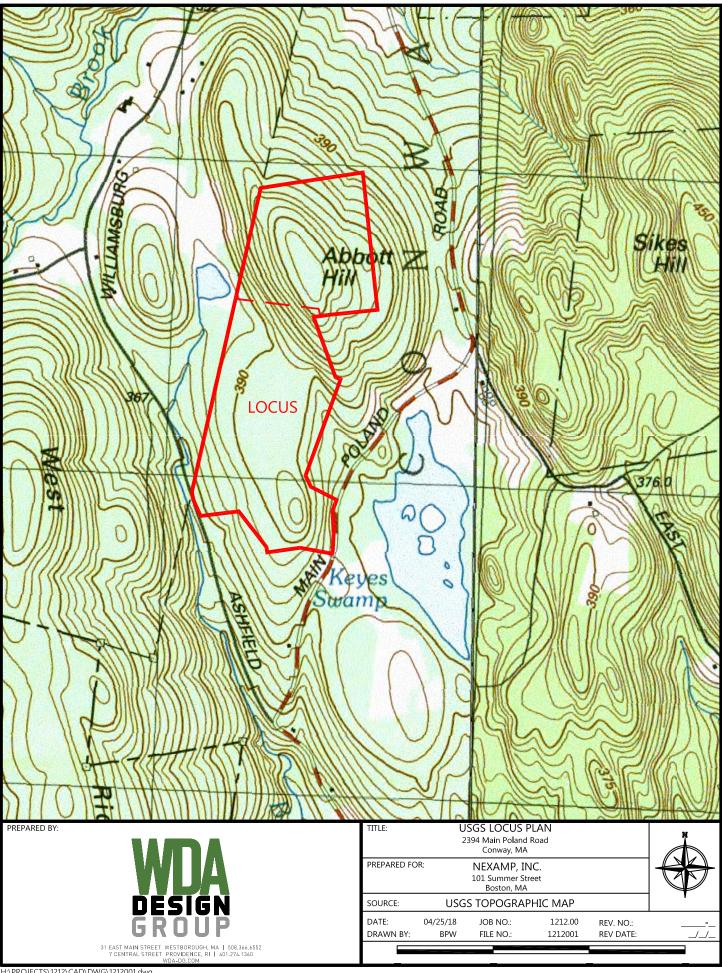
Taylor B. Smith, EIT



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Massachusetts Stormwater Report Checklist (8 pages) Operation & Maintenance and Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan (2 pages) Soils Map Area of Detail (3 pages) FEMA / NFIP / FIRM (2 pages) MassDOT Worcester I-D-F Curves (1 page) Drawdown Calculations Hydrology Maps (2 pages)



PURPOSE

Hydrologic calculations have been performed as part of the Site Plan Review and Notice of Intent applications for a proposed ground mounted solar array project at Main Poland Road in Conway, Massachusetts. The calculations were performed to design stormwater collection and attenuation facilities for the site and to demonstrate that the project will meet the standards of the Town of Conway and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) Stormwater Management Regulations.

This report describes the existing project site, the proposed project, and analyses performed to develop a stormwater management system that will protect public safety and convenience and minimize environmental impacts.

PROJECT SITE

The subject property is located along the westerly side of Main Poland Road, approximately 2,000' north of the South Ashfield Road intersection. The property is located in the Rural Residential/Agricultural (RR/A) zoning district. The site has 568.71' of frontage on the west side of Main Poland Road and approximately 3,250' of the westerly property boundary is part of the Ashfield/Conway Town boundary. The entire property is 104 ± acres, although only about half is associated with this filing, and of those 51± acres approximately 2.8 acres are wetland (both jurisdictional bordering wetlands and non-jurisdictional isolated wetlands). Aside from the existing single-family home and gravel drive, the property is wooded. Adjacent property uses are single-family residential to the west and south (some in Ashfield), residential/agricultural to the east/northeast and undeveloped land to the north. Topography is variable, ranging from a high elevation of 1,484 at the top of Abbott Hill in the northern portion of the property to a low elevation of 1,200± near Main Poland Road. Several cart paths and interior stone walls traverse the property. Additionally, part of the central and eastern portion the site is subject to a limited tree harvesting. The upland areas are comprised mainly of white pine, hemlock, oak, beech, black and white birch, red maple, black cherry, mountain laurel, hazelnut and ground pine.

WDA Design Group (WDA) flagged the resource areas in April and August 2018, being Bordering Vegetated Wetlands (BVW) and Isolated Wetlands (IW) and the flags were subsequently located during an on-the-ground survey by WDA and are shown on the attached plans. The wetland boundaries as well as intermittent channels were reviewed in the field with the Conservation Commission peer reviewer, Ward Smith during the ANRAD review period. The Commission issued an ORAD on September 25, 2018 (DEP #138-0118, recorded FCRD bk. 07266, pg. 52) confirming the on-site resource areas within only that area of the site (51+/- acres) as noted on the plans. Additionally, Bradford Brook, located to the west of South Ashfield Road, is shown as a perennial stream on the USGS maps, and projects a 200' Riverfront Area onto a portion of the site along South Ashfield Road.

The two main Isolated Wetland areas, WF-1 to WF-40 and IW-500 to IW-551 were confirmed during the ANRAD process as not meeting the requirements for an isolated land subject to flooding (ILSF) under the MA WPA 310 CMR. 10.57(2)(b). These two wetland areas are not protected under the State WPA or local jurisdiction, but may fall under Section 401 or 404 of the State or Federal code.

No portion of the site contains a Special Flood Hazard Area (aka, Zone A; "100-year flood plain") as depicted on the FEMA flood map 250114 0010 B (dated June 4, 1980). No portion of the site contains an area of priority wildlife or habitat, or certified or potential vernal pools according to the current NHESP Atlas (14th Edition, dated August 1, 2017).

The soils mapped on-site by the NRCS are Pillsbury fine sandy loam (map unit 75B-hydric soil) and Millsite-Westminster Complex, rocky (Map unit 116C-F), Millsite-Westminster Complex, very rocky (map unit 120B) and Colrain-Millsite Complex, rocky (map unit 118B).

PROPOSED PROJECT

The project proponent, Nexamp, LLC proposes to install a $6.0\pm$ MW DC ground mounted solar array on an existing wooded area. The facility will include the photovoltaic panels, associated mounting racks, fittings, electrical equipment (i.e., conduit, inverters, transformers, and utility poles) with a connection to the existing pole line on Main Poland Road. Clearing of the site will occur to accommodate the solar array, and the existing gravel driveway will be expanded and improved for construction and maintenance purposes.

All stormwater runoff will flow overland through grassed areas (meadow) toward the perimeter of the site. A portion of the site is captured in a detention basin located on the south west side of the proposed array in order to mitigate the peak flow rates. Controlled outflow will be discharged to upland areas at a rate equal to or less than existing conditions for the 2, 10, and 100-year, 24-hour design storms. The project creates only minimal impervious surface area, limited to roughly 36,400 square feet of improvements to the existing gravel driveway (to prevent unraveling of the road edge) and a few small concrete pads for the electrical equipment. These areas may be considered de minimis on a $104 \pm$ acre site.

Low Impact Development (LID) Considerations:

The proposed project is a low impact use of the site. The proposed development area is approximately 35± acres of the 104± acre site. The project involves a relatively small amount of proposed impervious surfaces. After construction is completed, cleared portions inside the fenced area will act as meadow and be maintained in order to keep grasses clear of the solar panels. Portions outside the fenced area will be cleared but not stumped to maintain a ground vegetative buffer for stormwater runoff.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT STANDARDS

STANDARD #1 – NO NEW UNTREATED DISCHARGES

The nature of the low impact design of the site allows for water to run off site via overland flow similar to the current conditions. The site will continue to generate clean stormwater runoff and additional water quality treatment is not required. The outlets of proposed detention basins will discharge upland of the wetlands, and have been designed so that there will be no erosion or scour to the wetlands of the Commonwealth. Please refer to attached Stormwater Standards calculations.

STANDARD #2 – PEAK RATE ATTENUATION.

METHODOLOGY

United States Soil Conservation Service, "Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release Number 55" (TR-55) methods (HydroCAD 10.00) were utilized to develop runoff hydrographs for watershed areas affected by the proposed development. Existing and proposed runoff hydrographs were developed for the 2, 10, and 100-

year, 24-hour rainfall events for the purpose of developing a stormwater management system that will limit postdevelopment peak runoff rates to pre-development levels.

The proposed stormwater management system has been designed to meet the requirements of the Town of Amherst and the MassDEP Stormwater Management Standards. The project will limit peak rates of runoff from the site and will infiltrate runoff to approximate existing groundwater recharge.

ANALYSIS SUMMARY

In order to assess the impact of the proposed development on peak runoff rates onto down-gradient properties, hydrologic calculations were performed for each of three (3) design storms at the design point(s). The calculations refer to runoff quantities at the final design point(s), the western property line (DP-1), the eastern property line (DP-2), and the wetland system to the south of the property (DP-3).

Calculations of peak runoff rates for existing and proposed site conditions are included and summarized in Table I for comparison of peak runoff rates for the design point for the three (3) design storms. A proposed hydrology plan is provided showing the various sub-watersheds draining to the proposed stormwater management facilities. Stormwater runoff from the overland areas not tributary to the stormwater management facilities will drain by sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow along the existing flow patterns to the design point.

Table I demonstrates that the proposed stormwater management system will be effective in limiting peak rates of runoff from the subject property to approximate pre-development levels.

DRAINAGE AREA	DESIGN STORM EVENT / PEAK RUNOFF (cfs)						
	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year				
Existing (DP-1)	0.5	8.3	35.2				
Proposed (DP-1)	0.5	8.3	35.1				
Existing (DP-2)	0.4	6.1	25.2				
Proposed (DP-2)	0.4	6.1	25.2				
Existing (DP-3)	0.6	3.6	10.5				
Proposed (DP-3)	0.6	3.6	10.5				

TABLE I: EXISTING AND PROPOSED PEAK RUNOFF

DRAINAGE AREA	DESIGN STORM EVENT / VOLUME (acre-feet)						
	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year				
Existing (DP-1)	0.31	1.76	5.09				
Proposed (DP-1)	0.30	1.82	5.24				
Existing (DP-2)	0.18	0.87	2.37				
Proposed (DP-2)	0.10	0.87	2.37				
Existing (DP-3) 0.12		0.42	1.00				
Proposed (DP-3)	0.12	0.42	1.00				

TABLE II: EXISTING AND PROPOSED RUNOFF VOLUMES

TABLE III: MAXIMUM WATER ELEVATION

STORMWATER FACILITY	100-YEAR STORM EVENT WATER ELEVATION	TOP / BERM ELEVATION
Detention Basin (DB-100)	1239.43	1240.5

STANDARD #3 – STORMWATER RECHARGE

The project creates only minimal impervious surface area and given the size of the site, no dedicated stormwater recharge facilities are required. There is a proposed stormwater basin to mitigate peak flow rates, which also provides $1,300 \pm$ cf of storage volume.

STANDARD #4 – WATER QUALITY

No dedicated TSS or Water Quality Volume measures are proposed due to the minimal impervious ground surface. The impervious areas may be considered de minimis per the Stormwater Regulations.

STANDARD #5 – LAND USES WITH HIGHER POTENTIAL POLLUTANT LOADS (LUHPPLS)

The proposed project is not considered a land use with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads therefore, Standard #5 is not applicable.

STANDARD #6 – CRITICAL AREAS

The proposed project is not discharging near or to a Critical Area therefore, Standard #6 is not applicable.

STANDARD #7 – REDEVELOPMENT PROJECT

The proposed project may be in part considered a redevelopment project, however, all standards have been met.

STANDARD #8 – CONSTRUCTION POLLUTION PREVENTION AND EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

As the total area of disturbance (tree clearing areas) is over an acre, a Notice of Intent (NOI) must be filed with the US EPA and a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) shall be retained on-site during construction.

STANDARD #9 – OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE PLAN

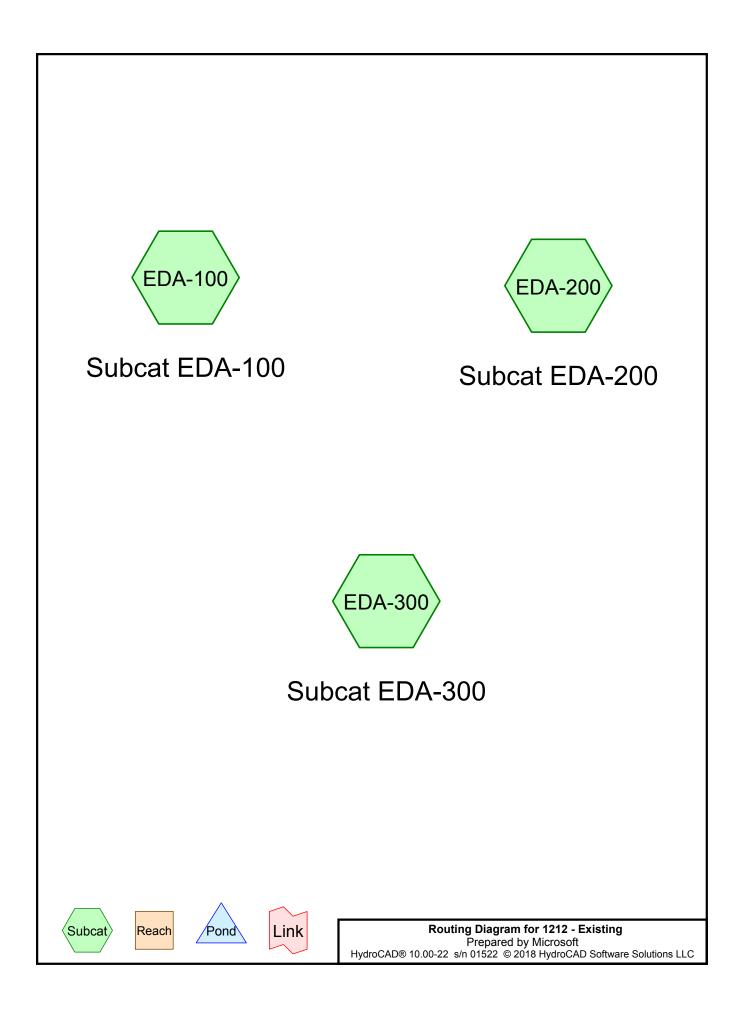
The attached Operation and Maintenance Plan describes the requisite long-term operation and maintenance of all on-site stormwater Best Management Practices (BMPs) and hydraulic drainage system. The Operation and Maintenance Plan also describes source control for the prevention of pollution to also serve as the Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan (LTPPP).

STANDARD #10 – PROHIBITION OF ILLICIT DISCHARGES

There are no known or proposed illicit discharges associated with this project.

MASSACHUSETTS STORMWATER REPORT CHECKLIST (See Appendices)

EXISTING HYDROLOGY



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
0.140	96	Gravel surface, HSG A (EDA-100)
0.585	96	Gravel surface, HSG B (EDA-100, EDA-200, EDA-300)
0.076	98	Roofs, HSG B (EDA-200, EDA-300)
17.857	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (EDA-100, EDA-200)
42.916	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (EDA-100, EDA-200, EDA-300)
2.071	77	Woods, Good, HSG D (EDA-100)
63.645	49	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
17.997	HSG A	EDA-100, EDA-200
43.577	HSG B	EDA-100, EDA-200, EDA-300
0.000	HSG C	
2.071	HSG D	EDA-100
0.000	Other	
63.645		TOTAL AREA

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						-		
	HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment
_	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers
	0.140	0.585	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.725	Gravel surface	EDA-100, EDA-200,
								EDA-300
	0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.076	Roofs	EDA-200, EDA-300
	17.857	42.916	0.000	2.071	0.000	62.844	Woods, Good	EDA-100, EDA-200,
								EDA-300
	17.997	43.577	0.000	2.071	0.000	63.645	TOTAL AREA	

Ground Covers (all nodes)

Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100 Runoff Area=1,782,909 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.09" Flow Length=1,052' Tc=27.4 min CN=48 Runoff=0.5 cfs 0.307 af

Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200 Runoff Area=742,322 sf 0.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.13" Flow Length=914' Tc=9.6 min CN=50 Runoff=0.4 cfs 0.183 af

Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300 Runoff Area=247,165 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.25" Flow Length=627' Tc=12.5 min CN=55 Runoff=0.6 cfs 0.119 af

> Total Runoff Area = 63.645 ac Runoff Volume = 0.608 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.11" 99.88% Pervious = 63.569 ac 0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100

Runoff 0.5 cfs @ 14.87 hrs, Volume= 0.307 af, Depth= 0.09" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN [N Description					
	6,085	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	N			
	4,357	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3			
5	597,044	30 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG A				
1,0)85,204	55 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG B				
	90,219	77 \	Noods, Go	od, HSG D				
1,7	782,909	48 \	Neighted A	verage				
1,7	782,909		100.00% Pe	ervious Are	а			
Tc	Length	Slope	,	Capacity	Description			
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)				
9.3	50	0.0400	0.09		Sheet Flow,			
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"			
18.1	1,002	0.0340	0.92		Shallow Concentrated Flow,			
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps			
27.4	1,052	Total						

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200

Runoff 0.4 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= =

0.183 af, Depth= 0.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	12,408	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	
1	80,818	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
3	72,256	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	8,003	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	5
	1,919	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βB	
1	66,918	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
7	42,322	50 V	Veighted A	verage	
7	40,403	9	9.74% Per	vious Area	
	1,919	0	.26% Impe	ervious Area	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
3.3	50	0.5600	0.26		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
6.3	864	0.2100	2.29		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
9.6	914	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300

Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 0.119 af, Depth= 0.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

Α	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	735	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	}
	1,401	98 R	loofs, HSG	БB	
2	45,029	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
2	47,165	55 V	Veighted A	verage	
2	45,764	9	9.43% Per	vious Area	
	1,401	0	.57% Impe	ervious Area	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.4	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
7.1	577	0.0730	1.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
12.5	627	Total			

Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100 Runoff Area=1,782,909 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.51" Flow Length=1,052' Tc=27.4 min CN=48 Runoff=8.3 cfs 1.756 af

Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200 Runoff Area=742,322 sf 0.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.61" Flow Length=914' Tc=9.6 min CN=50 Runoff=6.1 cfs 0.870 af

Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300 Runoff Area=247,165 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.88" Flow Length=627' Tc=12.5 min CN=55 Runoff=3.6 cfs 0.417 af

> Total Runoff Area = 63.645 ac Runoff Volume = 3.043 af Average Runoff Depth = 0.57" 99.88% Pervious = 63.569 ac 0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100

Runoff 8.3 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 1.756 af, Depth= 0.51" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

Are	ea (sf)	CN E	Description		
	6,085	96 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	N Contraction of the second seco
	4,357	96 C	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	5
59	97,044	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,08	35,204	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
9	0,219	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
1,78	32,909	48 V	Veighted A	verage	
1,78	32,909	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
9.3	50	0.0400	0.09		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
18.1	1,002	0.0340	0.92		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
27.4	1,052	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200

Runoff 6.1 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= =

0.870 af, Depth= 0.61"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	12,408	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
1	80,818	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
3	72,256	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	8,003	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	1,919	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βB	
1	66,918	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
7	742,322 50 Weighted Average			verage	
7	40,403	9	9.74% Per	vious Area	
	1,919 0.26% Impervious Area			ervious Area	а
Tc	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
3.3	50	0.5600	0.26		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
6.3	864	0.2100	2.29		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
9.6	914	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300

Runoff = 3.6 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.417 af, Depth= 0.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	735	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	}
	1,401	98 R	loofs, HSG	БB	
2	45,029	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
2	47,165	55 V	Veighted A	verage	
2	45,764	9	9.43% Per	vious Area	
	1,401	0	.57% Impe	ervious Area	a
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
5.4	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
7.1	577	0.0730	1.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
12.5	627	Total			

Existing Conditions

Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100 Runoff Area=1,782,909 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.49" Flow Length=1,052' Tc=27.4 min CN=48 Runoff=35.2 cfs 5.086 af

Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200 Runoff Area=742,322 sf 0.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=1.67" Flow Length=914' Tc=9.6 min CN=50 Runoff=25.2 cfs 2.367 af

Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300 Runoff Area=247,165 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=2.12" Flow Length=627' Tc=12.5 min CN=55 Runoff=10.5 cfs 1.004 af

> Total Runoff Area = 63.645 ac Runoff Volume = 8.457 af Average Runoff Depth = 1.59" 99.88% Pervious = 63.569 ac 0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-100: Subcat EDA-100

Runoff 35.2 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 5.086 af, Depth= 1.49" =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN [Description		
	6,085	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	N Contraction of the second
	4,357 96 Gravel surface, HSG B				5
5	97,044	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
1,0	85,204	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	90,219	77 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG D	
1,7	82,909	48 V	Veighted A	verage	
1,7	82,909	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	a
_					
Tc	Length	Slope		Capacity	Description
<u>(min)</u>	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
9.3	50	0.0400	0.09		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
18.1	1,002	0.0340	0.92		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
27.4	1,052	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment EDA-200: Subcat EDA-200

2.367 af, Depth= 1.67" Runoff 25.2 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= =

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
	12,408	96 🤆	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	
1	80,818	30 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG A	
3	372,256 55 Woods, Good, HSG B			od, HSG B	
	8,003	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	5
	1,919	98 F	Roofs, HSG	βB	
1	66,918	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
7	42,322	50 V	Veighted A	verage	
7	40,403	9	9.74% Per	vious Area	
	1,919	0	.26% Impe	ervious Area	3
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
3.3	50	0.5600	0.26		Sheet Flow,
					Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
6.3	864	0.2100	2.29		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
9.6	914	Total			

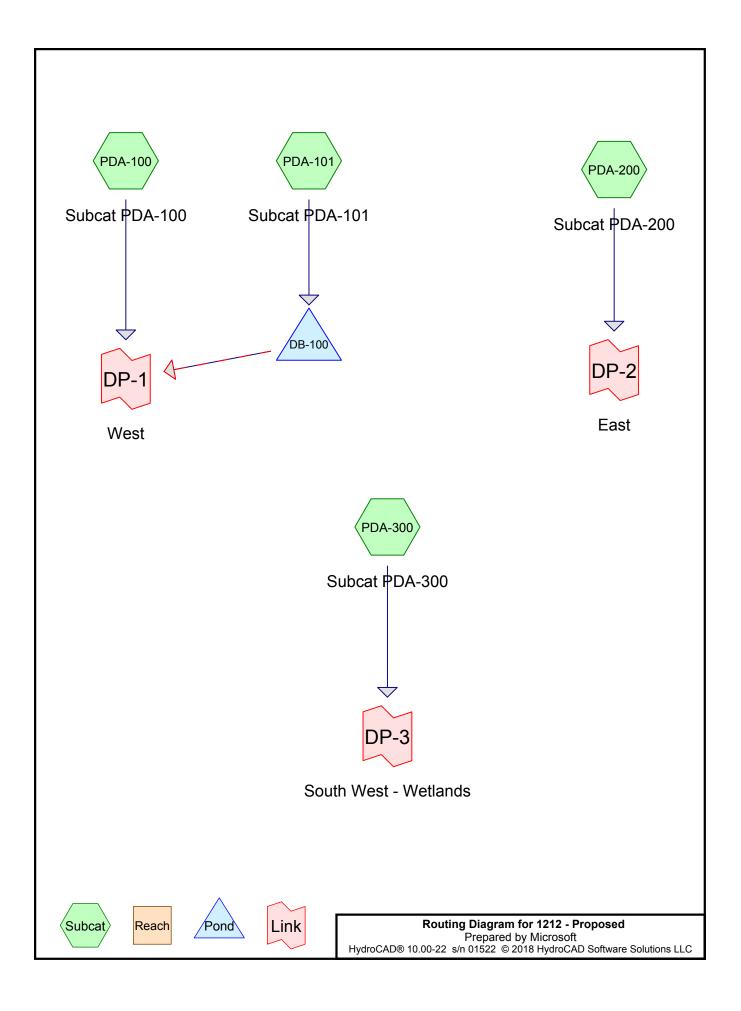
Summary for Subcatchment EDA-300: Subcat EDA-300

Runoff = 10.5 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.004 af, Depth= 2.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

	A	rea (sf)	CN E	escription		
		735	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
		1,401	98 F	Roofs, HSG	БB	
	2	45,029	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
	2	47,165	55 V	Veighted A	verage	
	2	45,764	9	9.43% Per	vious Area	
		1,401	0	.57% Impe	ervious Area	а
	Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(n	nin)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	5.4	50	0.1600	0.16		Sheet Flow,
						Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 3.20"
	7.1	577	0.0730	1.35		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
						Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
1	2.5	627	Total			

PROPOSED HYDROLOGY



Area Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	CN	Description (subcatchment-numbers)
0.899	30	Brush, Good, HSG A (PDA-100, PDA-200)
5.378	48	Brush, Good, HSG B (PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200)
0.399	96	Gravel surface, HSG A (PDA-100, PDA-101)
1.044	96	Gravel surface, HSG B (PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200, PDA-300)
15.877	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A (PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200)
11.892	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B (PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200)
0.076	98	Roofs, HSG B (PDA-200, PDA-300)
0.821	30	Woods, Good, HSG A (PDA-100, PDA-200)
25.187	55	Woods, Good, HSG B (PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200, PDA-300)
2.071	77	Woods, Good, HSG D (PDA-100)
63.645	50	TOTAL AREA

Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area	Soil	Subcatchment
(acres)	Group	Numbers
17.997	HSG A	PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200
43.577	HSG B	PDA-100, PDA-101, PDA-200, PDA-300
0.000	HSG C	
2.071	HSG D	PDA-100
0.000	Other	
63.645		TOTAL AREA

Ground Covers (an nodes)								
HSG-A	HSG-B	HSG-C	HSG-D	Other	Total	Ground	Subcatchment	
(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Cover	Numbers	
 0.899	5.378	0.000	0.000	0.000	6.277	Brush, Good	PDA-100,	
							PDA-101,	
							PDA-200	
0.399	1.044	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.443	Gravel surface	PDA-100,	
							PDA-101,	
							PDA-200,	
							PDA-300	
15.877	11.892	0.000	0.000	0.000	27.770	Meadow, non-grazed	PDA-100,	
							PDA-101,	
							PDA-200	
0.000	0.076	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.076	Roofs	PDA-200,	
							PDA-300	
0.821	25.187	0.000	2.071	0.000	28.079	Woods, Good	PDA-100,	
							PDA-101,	
							PDA-200,	
							PDA-300	
17.997	43.577	0.000	2.071	0.000	63.645	TOTAL AREA		

Ground Covers (all nodes)

G:\common\1212A\Eng\ 1212 - Proposed		Proposed C Type III 24-hr 2-year Raint	
Prepared by Microsoft HydroCAD® 10.00-22 s/n 01522 © 2018 Hydro	oCAD Software Solutions	LLC	Page 26
Time span=0.00-	-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 2-20 method, UH=SCS,	1921 points Weighted-CN	
Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100		sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff De 27.4 min CN=48 Runoff=0.4 cf	
Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101		sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff De 15.5 min CN=56 Runoff=0.5 cf	
Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200		sf 0.26% Impervious Runoff De =9.6 min CN=50 Runoff=0.4 cf	
Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300		sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff De 12.5 min CN=55 Runoff=0.6 cf	•
Pond DB-100: Discarded=0.0 cfs 0.074 af Primary=0.1 c		Storage=1,571 cf Inflow=0.5 cf 0.0 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.1 cfs	
Link DP-1: West		Inflow=0.5 cf Primary=0.5 cf	
Link DP-2: East		Inflow=0.4 cf Primary=0.4 cf	
Link DP-3: South West - Wetlands		Inflow=0.6 cf Primary=0.6 cf	

Total Runoff Area = 63.645 acRunoff Volume = 0.672 af
99.88% Pervious = 63.569 acAverage Runoff Depth = 0.13"
0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100

Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 14.87 hrs, Volume= 0.277 af, Depth= 0.09"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
26,453	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
117,175	48	Brush, Good, HSG B
16,413	96	Gravel surface, HSG A
6,152	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
536,303	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A
318,202	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B
8,551	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
488,514	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
90,219	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
1,607,983	48	Weighted Average
1,607,983		100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length	Sloj	be Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
27.4		Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101

Runoff = 0.5 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af, Depth= 0.28"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	44,289	48 B	rush, Goo	d, HSG B	
	970	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	A
	11,592	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	14,440	30 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG A
1	02,288	58 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
	1,348	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
1	74,926	56 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	74,926	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.4	50	0.0100	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
6.2	451	0.0300	1.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.9	212	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.5	713	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200

Runoff = 0.4 cfs @ 12.54 hrs, Volume= 0.183 af, Depth= 0.13"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

Area	(sf) Cl	N D	Description		
12,	726 3	0 E	Brush, Goo	d, HSG A	
72,	786 4		Brush, Goo		
12,	978 9	6 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG B	В
140,	879 3	0 N	leadow, no	on-grazed, I	HSG A
97,	546 5	8 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
27,	,213 3	0 V	Voods, Goo	od, HSG A	N Contraction of the second seco
201,	354 5	5 V	Voods, Goo	od, HSG B	}
14,	032 9	6 0	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG B	В
160,	890 5	5 V	Voods, Goo	od, HSG B	}
1,	919 9	18 F	<u>Roofs, HSG</u>	в	
742,	323 5	0 V	Veighted A	verage	
740,	404	9	9.74% Per	vious Area	a
1,	919	0	.26% Impe	rvious Area	ea
		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	
(min) ((feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
9.6					Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300

Runoff = 0.6 cfs @ 12.44 hrs, Volume= 0.119 af, Depth= 0.25"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 2-year Rainfall=3.20"

Area	a (sf) 🛛 🤇	CN I	Description		
	735	96 (Gravel surfa	ace, HSG B	3
1	,401	98 I	Roofs, HSG	ίВ	
245	5,029	55	Noods, Goo	od, HSG B	
247	7,166	55 \	Neighted A	verage	
245	5,765	9	99.43% Per	vious Area	
1	,401	(0.57% Impe	ervious Area	а
Tc L (min)	ength (feet)	Slope (ft/ft)	,	Capacity (cfs)	Description
12.5					Direct Entry,

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Pond DB-100:

Inflow Area =	4.016 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.28" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.5 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af
Outflow =	0.1 cfs @ 15.56 hrs, Volume= 0.094 af, Atten= 76%, Lag= 186.0 min
Discarded =	0.0 cfs @ 15.56 hrs, Volume= 0.074 af
Primary =	0.1 cfs @ 15.56 hrs, Volume= 0.020 af
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 1,236.95' @ 15.56 hrs Surf.Area= 1,949 sf Storage= 1,571 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 325.0 min calculated for 0.094 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 325.2 min (1,281.2 - 956.0)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description	
#1	1,236.00'	10,6	08 cf Custom	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio (fee		ırf.Area (sq-ft)	Inc.Store (cubic-feet)	Cum.Store (cubic-feet)	
1,236.0	1	1,374	0	0	
1,238.0		2,591	3,965	3,965	
1,240.0	00	4,052	6,643	10,608	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Device	S	
#1	Primary	1,236.00'	12.0" Round		
			Inlet / Outlet I	nvert= 1,236.00	headwall, Ke= 0.500 ' / 1,235.00' S= 0.0222 '/' Cc= 0.900 ooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	1,236.80'		fice/Grate C=	
#3	Device 1	1,238.40'		rifice/Grate Ca	
#4	Secondary	1,239.50'	Head (feet) 0 2.50 3.00 3.5	0.20 0.40 0.60 50 4.00 4.50 5	oad-Crested Rectangular Weir 0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00 5.00 5.50 70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
#5	Discarded	1,236.00'	2.64 2.65 2.0	5 2.66 2.66 2 xfiltration over	2.68 2.70 2.74
			@ 15.56 hrs +	IW=1,236.95' (Free Discharge)

5=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.0 cfs)

Primary OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 15.56 hrs HW=1,236.95' (Free Discharge) -1=Culvert (Passes 0.1 cfs of 2.5 cfs potential flow) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.1 cfs @ 1.30 fps) -3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=1,236.00' (Free Discharge) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Link DP-1: West

Inflow Area = 40.930 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.09" for 2-year event 0.5 cfs @ 15.14 hrs, Volume= Inflow 0.296 af = 0.5 cfs @ 15.14 hrs, Volume= 0.296 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary =

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-2: East

Inflow Area =	17.041 ac,	0.26% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.1	3" for 2-year event
Inflow =	0.4 cfs @	12.54 hrs, Volume	e= 0.183 af	-
Primary =	0.4 cfs @	12.54 hrs, Volume	e= 0.183 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-3: South West - Wetlands

Inflow Area	=	5.674 ac,	0.57% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.25" 1	for 2-year event
Inflow	=	0.6 cfs @	12.44 hrs, Volum	e= 0.119	af	
Primary	=	0.6 cfs @	12.44 hrs, Volum	e= 0.119	af, Atte	n= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

1212 - Proposed Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80" Prepared by Microsoft HydroCAD® 10.00-22 s/n 01522 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLC Page 31 Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
HydroCAD® 10.00-22 s/n 01522 © 2018 HydroCAD Software Solutions LLCPage 31Time span=0.00-96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN Reach routing by Stor-Ind+Trans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ind method
Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100 Runoff Area=1,607,983 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.51" Tc=27.4 min CN=48 Runoff=7.5 cfs 1.584 af
Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101 Runoff Area=174,926 sf 0.00% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.94" Flow Length=713' Tc=15.5 min CN=56 Runoff=2.6 cfs 0.315 af
Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200 Runoff Area=742,323 sf 0.26% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.61" Tc=9.6 min CN=50 Runoff=6.1 cfs 0.870 af
Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300 Runoff Area=247,166 sf 0.57% Impervious Runoff Depth=0.88" Tc=12.5 min CN=55 Runoff=3.6 cfs 0.417 af
Pond DB-100: Peak Elev=1,237.84' Storage=3,548 cf Inflow=2.6 cfs 0.315 af Discarded=0.1 cfs 0.083 af Primary=0.8 cfs 0.232 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=0.9 cfs 0.315 af
Link DP-1: West Inflow=8.3 cfs 1.816 af Primary=8.3 cfs 1.816 af
Link DP-2: EastInflow=6.1 cfs0.870 afPrimary=6.1 cfs0.870 af
Link DP-3: South West - WetlandsInflow=3.6 cfs0.417 afPrimary=3.6 cfs0.417 af

Total Runoff Area = 63.645 acRunoff Volume = 3.186 afAverage Runoff Depth = 0.60"99.88% Pervious = 63.569 ac0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100

Runoff = 7.5 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 1.584 af, Depth= 0.51"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
26,453	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
117,175	48	Brush, Good, HSG B
16,413	96	Gravel surface, HSG A
6,152	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
536,303	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A
318,202	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B
8,551	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
488,514	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
90,219	77	Woods, Good, HSG D
1,607,983	48	Weighted Average
1,607,983		100.00% Pervious Area
Tc Length	Slo	pe Velocity Capacity Description
(min) (feet)	(ft/	(ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
27.4		Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101

Runoff = 2.6 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume= 0.315 af, Depth= 0.94"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

A	rea (sf)	CN D	escription		
	44,289	48 B	rush, Goo	d, HSG B	
	970	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG A	A
	11,592	96 G	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
	14,440	30 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG A
1	02,288	58 N	leadow, no	on-grazed,	HSG B
	1,348	55 V	Voods, Go	od, HSG B	
1	74,926	56 V	Veighted A	verage	
1	74,926	1	00.00% Pe	ervious Are	а
Тс	Length	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
(min)	(feet)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
7.4	50	0.0100	0.11		Sheet Flow,
					Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"
6.2	451	0.0300	1.21		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
1.9	212	0.1400	1.87		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
					Woodland Kv= 5.0 fps
15.5	713	Total			

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200

Runoff = 6.1 cfs @ 12.21 hrs, Volume= 0.870 af, Depth= 0.61"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description
12,726	30	Brush, Good, HSG A
72,786	48	Brush, Good, HSG B
12,978	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
140,879	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A
97,546	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B
27,213	30	Woods, Good, HSG A
201,354	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
14,032	96	Gravel surface, HSG B
160,890	55	Woods, Good, HSG B
1,919	98	Roofs, HSG B
742,323	50	Weighted Average
740,404		99.74% Pervious Area
1,919		0.26% Impervious Area
Tc Length	Sloj	
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)
9.6		Direct Entry,

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300

Runoff = 3.6 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.417 af, Depth= 0.88"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 10-year Rainfall=4.80"

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
735	96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3		
1,401	98	Roofs, HSC	Roofs, HSG B			
245,029	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B			
247,166	55	Weighted A	verage			
245,765		99.43% Per	vious Area	1		
1,401		0.57% Impe	ervious Area	a		
-			0			
Tc Length	Slop	,	Capacity	Description		
(min) (feet)	(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)			
12.5				Direct Entry,		

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Pond DB-100:

Inflow Area =	4.016 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow De	epth = 0.94" for 10-year event
Inflow =	2.6 cfs @ 12.26 hrs, Volume=	0.315 af
Outflow =	0.9 cfs @ 12.78 hrs, Volume=	0.315 af, Atten= 66%, Lag= 31.3 min
Discarded =	0.1 cfs @ 12.78 hrs, Volume=	0.083 af
Primary =	0.8 cfs @ 12.78 hrs, Volume=	0.232 af
Secondary =	0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume=	0.000 af

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 1,237.84' @ 12.78 hrs Surf.Area= 2,491 sf Storage= 3,548 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 133.8 min calculated for 0.314 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 134.0 min (1,035.5 - 901.5)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storag	e Description			
#1	1,236.00'	10,6	08 cf Custo	m Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)		
Elevatio		rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store			
(fee	1	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)			
1,236.0		1,374	0	0			
1,238.0		2,591	3,965	3,965			
1,240.0	00	4,052	6,643	10,608			
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devic	es			
#1	Primary	1,236.00'	12.0" Roun	nd Culvert			
	-		Inlet / Outlet	Invert= 1,236.00	headwall, Ke= 0.500 ' / 1,235.00' S= 0.0222 '/' Cc= 0.900 ooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf		
#2	Device 1	1,236.80'	6.0" Vert. O	rifice/Grate C=	0.600		
#3	Device 1	1,238.40'	10.0" Vert. (Orifice/Grate C:	= 0.600		
#4	Secondary	1,239.50'	Head (feet) 2.50 3.00 3 Coef. (Englis	0.20 0.40 0.60 3.50 4.00 4.50 5	70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64		
#5	Discarded	1,236.00'	1.020 in/hr l	Exfiltration over	Surface area		
	Discarded OutFlow Max=0.1 cfs @ 12.78 hrs HW=1,237.84' (Free Discharge) 5=Exfiltration (Exfiltration Controls 0.1 cfs)						

Primary OutFlow Max=0.8 cfs @ 12.78 hrs HW=1,237.84' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Passes 0.8 cfs of 4.4 cfs potential flow) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 0.8 cfs @ 4.27 fps) -3=Orifice/Grate (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=1,236.00' (Free Discharge) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Link DP-1: West

40.930 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 0.53" for 10-year event Inflow Area = 8.3 cfs @ 12.59 hrs, Volume= Inflow 1.816 af = 8.3 cfs @ 12.59 hrs, Volume= 1.816 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary =

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-2: East

Inflow Area =	17.041 ac,	0.26% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 0.6	61" for 10-year event
Inflow =	6.1 cfs @	12.21 hrs, Volume	e= 0.870 af	-
Primary =	6.1 cfs @	12.21 hrs, Volume	e= 0.870 af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-3: South West - Wetlands

Inflow Area =	=	5.674 ac,	0.57% Impervious,	Inflow Depth =	0.88	3" for 10-year event
Inflow =	:	3.6 cfs @	12.22 hrs, Volum	e= 0.417	af	
Primary =		3.6 cfs @	12.22 hrs, Volum	e= 0.417	af,	Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

G:\common\1212A\Eng\ 1212 - Proposed	Type III 24-hr	Proposed Conditions 100-year Rainfall=7.00"
Prepared by Microsoft HydroCAD® 10.00-22 s/n 01522 © 2018 Hydro	CAD Software Solutions LLC	Page 36
Runoff by SCS TR	96.00 hrs, dt=0.05 hrs, 1921 points 2-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN ans method - Pond routing by Stor-Ir	nd method
Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100		vious Runoff Depth=1.49" Runoff=31.8 cfs 4.587 af
Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101	Runoff Area=174,926 sf 0.00% Imper Flow Length=713' Tc=15.5 min CN=5	
Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200		vious Runoff Depth=1.67" Runoff=25.2 cfs 2.367 af
Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300		vious Runoff Depth=2.12" Runoff=10.5 cfs 1.004 af
Pond DB-100: Discarded=0.1 cfs 0.093 af Primary=3.5 c	Peak Elev=1,239.43' Storage=8,418 fs 0.649 af Secondary=0.0 cfs 0.000 af	
Link DP-1: West		Inflow=35.1 cfs 5.236 af Primary=35.1 cfs 5.236 af
Link DP-2: East		Inflow=25.2 cfs 2.367 af Primary=25.2 cfs 2.367 af
Link DP-3: South West - Wetlands		Inflow=10.5 cfs 1.004 af Primary=10.5 cfs 1.004 af
Total Runoff Area = 63 645 a	ac Runoff Volume = 8 700 af Aver	age Runoff Denth = 1.64"

Total Runoff Area = 63.645 acRunoff Volume = 8.700 afAverage Runoff Depth = 1.64"99.88% Pervious = 63.569 ac0.12% Impervious = 0.076 ac

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-100: Subcat PDA-100

Runoff = 31.8 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 4.587 af, Depth= 1.49"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
26,453	30	Brush, Good, HSG A				
117,175	48	Brush, Good, HSG B				
16,413	96	Gravel surface, HSG A				
6,152	96	Gravel surface, HSG B				
536,303	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A				
318,202	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B				
8,551	30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
488,514	55	Woods, Good, HSG B				
90,219	77	Woods, Good, HSG D				
1,607,983	48	Weighted Average				
1,607,983		100.00% Pervious Area				
Tc Length	Slop	pe Velocity Capacity Description				
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
27.4		Direct Entry,				
		•				

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-101: Subcat PDA-101

Runoff = 7.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af, Depth= 2.22"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description			
44,289	48	Brush, Goo	d, HSG B		
970	96	Gravel surf	ace, HSG A	A	
11,592	96	Gravel surf	ace, HSG E	3	
14,440	30	Meadow, n			
102,288	58	Meadow, n	on-grazed,	HSG B	
1,348	55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B		
174,926	56	Weighted A	verage		
174,926		100.00% P	ervious Are	a	
Tc Lengt	n Slope	e Velocity	Capacity	Description	
(min) (fee) (ft/ft	(ft/sec)	(cfs)		
7.4 5	0.010	0.11		Sheet Flow,	
				Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20"	
6.2 45	1 0.0300	0 1.21		Grass: Short n= 0.150 P2= 3.20" Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
6.2 45	1 0.0300	0 1.21			
6.2 45 1.9 21				Shallow Concentrated Flow,	
				Shallow Concentrated Flow, Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps	

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-200: Subcat PDA-200

Runoff = 25.2 cfs @ 12.16 hrs, Volume= 2.367 af, Depth= 1.67"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

Area (sf)	CN	Description				
12,726	30	Brush, Good, HSG A				
72,786	48	Brush, Good, HSG B				
12,978	96	Gravel surface, HSG B				
140,879	30	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG A				
97,546	58	Meadow, non-grazed, HSG B				
27,213	30	Woods, Good, HSG A				
201,354	55	Woods, Good, HSG B				
14,032	96	Gravel surface, HSG B				
160,890	55	Woods, Good, HSG B				
1,919	98	Roofs, HSG B				
742,323	50	Weighted Average				
740,404		99.74% Pervious Area				
1,919		0.26% Impervious Area				
Tc Length	Sloj					
(min) (feet)	(ft/	ft) (ft/sec) (cfs)				
9.6		Direct Entry,				

Summary for Subcatchment PDA-300: Subcat PDA-300

Runoff = 10.5 cfs @ 12.19 hrs, Volume= 1.004 af, Depth= 2.12"

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Weighted-CN, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Type III 24-hr 100-year Rainfall=7.00"

CN	Description		
96	Gravel surfa	ace, HSG E	3
98	Roofs, HSG	βB	
55	Woods, Go	od, HSG B	
55	Weighted A	verage	
	99.43% Per	vious Area	
	0.57% Impe	ervious Area	a
~		o	
	,		Description
(ft/f	t) (ft/sec)	(cfs)	
			Direct Entry,
	96 98 55 55 Slop	96 Gravel surfa 98 Roofs, HSC 55 Woods, Go 55 Weighted A 99.43% Per	 96 Gravel surface, HSG E 98 Roofs, HSG B 55 Woods, Good, HSG B 55 Weighted Average 99.43% Pervious Area 0.57% Impervious Are Slope Velocity Capacity

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Pond DB-100:

Inflow Area =	4.016 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 2.22"	for 100-year event
Inflow =	7.2 cfs @ 12.23 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af	
Outflow =	3.6 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.742 af, Atte	en= 50%, Lag= 20.7 min
Discarded =	0.1 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.093 af	
Primary =	3.5 cfs @ 12.58 hrs, Volume= 0.649 af	
Secondary =	0.0 cfs $\overline{@}$ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af	

Routing by Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs Peak Elev= 1,239.43' @ 12.58 hrs Surf.Area= 3,636 sf Storage= 8,418 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 82.3 min calculated for 0.742 af (100% of inflow) Center-of-Mass det. time= 82.6 min (954.9 - 872.3)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage D	Description	
#1	1,236.00'	10,6	08 cf Custom S	Stage Data (P	rismatic)Listed below (Recalc)
Elevatio		rf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store	
(feet		(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)	
1,236.0		1,374	0	0	
1,238.0	0	2,591	3,965	3,965	
1,240.0	0	4,052	6,643	10,608	
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices		
#1	Primary	1,236.00'	12.0" Round (Culvert	
	,,	.,			headwall, Ke= 0.500
					' / 1,235.00' S= 0.0222 '/' Cc= 0.900
					nooth interior, Flow Area= 0.79 sf
#2	Device 1	1,236.80'			
#2 #3	Device 1	,	10.0" Vert. Ori		
-		,			
#4	Secondary	1,239.50'	•		road-Crested Rectangular Weir
			· · ·		0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1.60 1.80 2.00
			2.50 3.00 3.50		
			· · · ·		.70 2.69 2.68 2.68 2.66 2.64 2.64
			2.64 2.65 2.65	5 2.66 2.66 2	2.68 2.70 2.74
#5	Discarded	1,236.00'	1.020 in/hr Exf	iltration over	Surface area
			@ 12.58 hrs HV htrols 0.1 cfs)	V=1,239.43' ((Free Discharge)

Primary OutFlow Max=3.5 cfs @ 12.58 hrs HW=1,239.43' (Free Discharge) **1=Culvert** (Passes 3.5 cfs of 6.5 cfs potential flow) -2=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 1.5 cfs @ 7.42 fps) -3=Orifice/Grate (Orifice Controls 2.1 cfs @ 3.76 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.0 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=1,236.00' (Free Discharge) 4=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.0 cfs)

Proposed Conditions

Summary for Link DP-1: West

40.930 ac, 0.00% Impervious, Inflow Depth = 1.54" for 100-year event Inflow Area = 35.1 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 5.236 af Inflow = 35.1 cfs @ 12.46 hrs, Volume= 5.236 af, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min Primary =

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-2: East

Inflow Area	=	17.041 ac,	0.26% Impervious,	Inflow Depth = 1	.67" for 100-year event
Inflow =	=	25.2 cfs @	12.16 hrs, Volume	e= 2.367 a	f
Primary =	=	25.2 cfs @	12.16 hrs, Volume	e= 2.367 a	f, Atten= 0%, Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

Summary for Link DP-3: South West - Wetlands

Inflow Area	=	5.674 ac,	0.57% Imper	vious,	Inflow Depth	= 2.12"	for 100)-year event
Inflow	=	10.5 cfs @	12.19 hrs, \	Volume	e= 1.0	04 af		
Primary	=	10.5 cfs @	12.19 hrs, N	Volume	e= 1.0	04 af, A	tten= 0%,	Lag= 0.0 min

Primary outflow = Inflow, Time Span= 0.00-96.00 hrs, dt= 0.05 hrs

December 2018

APPENDICES



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

A. Introduction

Important: When filling out forms on the computer, use only the tab key to move your cursor - do not use the return key.



A Stormwater Report must be submitted with the Notice of Intent permit application to document compliance with the Stormwater Management Standards. The following checklist is NOT a substitute for the Stormwater Report (which should provide more substantive and detailed information) but is offered here as a tool to help the applicant organize their Stormwater Management documentation for their Report and for the reviewer to assess this information in a consistent format. As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Report must contain the engineering computations and supporting information set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The Stormwater Report must be prepared and certified by a Registered Professional Engineer (RPE) licensed in the Commonwealth.

The Stormwater Report must include:

- The Stormwater Checklist completed and stamped by a Registered Professional Engineer (see page 2) that certifies that the Stormwater Report contains all required submittals.¹ This Checklist is to be used as the cover for the completed Stormwater Report.
- Applicant/Project Name
- Project Address
- Name of Firm and Registered Professional Engineer that prepared the Report
- Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan required by Standards 4-6
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan required by Standard 8²
- Operation and Maintenance Plan required by Standard 9

In addition to all plans and supporting information, the Stormwater Report must include a brief narrative describing stormwater management practices, including environmentally sensitive site design and LID techniques, along with a diagram depicting runoff through the proposed BMP treatment train. Plans are required to show existing and proposed conditions, identify all wetland resource areas, NRCS soil types, critical areas, Land Uses with Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPL), and any areas on the site where infiltration rate is greater than 2.4 inches per hour. The Plans shall identify the drainage areas for both existing and proposed conditions at a scale that enables verification of supporting calculations.

As noted in the Checklist, the Stormwater Management Report shall document compliance with each of the Stormwater Management Standards as provided in the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. The soils evaluation and calculations shall be done using the methodologies set forth in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook.

To ensure that the Stormwater Report is complete, applicants are required to fill in the Stormwater Report Checklist by checking the box to indicate that the specified information has been included in the Stormwater Report. If any of the information specified in the checklist has not been submitted, the applicant must provide an explanation. The completed Stormwater Report Checklist and Certification must be submitted with the Stormwater Report.

¹ The Stormwater Report may also include the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement required by Standard 10. If not included in the Stormwater Report, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement must be submitted prior to the discharge of stormwater runoff to the post-construction best management practices.

² For some complex projects, it may not be possible to include the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan in the Stormwater Report. In that event, the issuing authority has the discretion to issue an Order of Conditions that approves the project and includes a condition requiring the proponent to submit the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan before commencing any land disturbance activity on the site.



Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Resource Protection - Wetlands Program Checklist for Stormwater Report

B. Stormwater Checklist and Certification

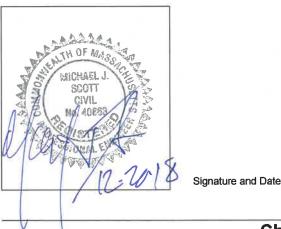
The following checklist is intended to serve as a guide for applicants as to the elements that ordinarily need to be addressed in a complete Stormwater Report. The checklist is also intended to provide conservation commissions and other reviewing authorities with a summary of the components necessary for a comprehensive Stormwater Report that addresses the ten Stormwater Standards.

Note: Because stormwater requirements vary from project to project, it is possible that a complete Stormwater Report may not include information on some of the subjects specified in the Checklist. If it is determined that a specific item does not apply to the project under review, please note that the item is not applicable (N.A.) and provide the reasons for that determination.

A complete checklist must include the Certification set forth below signed by the Registered Professional Engineer who prepared the Stormwater Report.

Registered Professional Engineer's Certification

I have reviewed the Stormwater Report, including the soil evaluation, computations, Long-term Pollution Prevention Plan, the Construction Period Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan (if included), the Longterm Post-Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan, the Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement (if included) and the plans showing the stormwater management system, and have determined that they have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Stormwater Management Standards as further elaborated by the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook. I have also determined that the information presented in the Stormwater Checklist is accurate and that the information presented in the Stormwater Report accurately reflects conditions at the site as of the date of this permit application.



Registered Professional Engineer Block and Signature

Checklist

Project Type: Is the application for new development, redevelopment, or a mix of new and redevelopment?

New development

- Redevelopment
- Mix of New Development and Redevelopment



Checklist (continued)

LID Measures: Stormwater Standards require LID measures to be considered. Document what environmentally sensitive design and LID Techniques were considered during the planning and design of the project:

\boxtimes	No disturbance to any Wetland Resource Areas
	Site Design Practices (e.g. clustered development, reduced frontage setbacks)
	Reduced Impervious Area (Redevelopment Only)
	Minimizing disturbance to existing trees and shrubs
	LID Site Design Credit Requested:
	Credit 1
	Credit 2
	Credit 3
\ge	Use of "country drainage" versus curb and gutter conveyance and pipe
	Bioretention Cells (includes Rain Gardens)
	Constructed Stormwater Wetlands (includes Gravel Wetlands designs)
	Treebox Filter
	Water Quality Swale
	Grass Channel
	Green Roof
	Other (describe):

Standard 1: No New Untreated Discharges

 \boxtimes No new untreated discharges

- Outlets have been designed so there is no erosion or scour to wetlands and waters of the Commonwealth
- Supporting calculations specified in Volume 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook included.



Checklist	(continued)
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Standard 2: Peak Rate Attenuation

- Standard 2 waiver requested because the project is located in land subject to coastal storm flowage and stormwater discharge is to a wetland subject to coastal flooding.
- Evaluation provided to determine whether off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm.

Calculations provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed predevelopment rates for the 2-year and 10-year 24-hour storms. If evaluation shows that off-site flooding increases during the 100-year 24-hour storm, calculations are also provided to show that post-development peak discharge rates do not exceed pre-development rates for the 100-year 24hour storm.

Standard 3: Recharge

Soil Analysis provided.

- Required Recharge Volume calculation provided.
- Required Recharge volume reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Sizing the infiltration, BMPs is based on the following method: Check the method used.

Static Static	Simple Dynamic
---------------	----------------

Dynamic Field¹

Runoff from all	impervious areas	at the site	discharging to	o the infiltration BMP
-----------------	------------------	-------------	----------------	------------------------

Runoff from all impervious areas at the site is *not* discharging to the infiltration BMP and calculations are provided showing that the drainage area contributing runoff to the infiltration BMPs is sufficient to generate the required recharge volume.

		Recharge BMPs have	been sized to infiltrate	e the Required Recharge Volume.
--	--	--------------------	--------------------------	---------------------------------

Recharge BMPs have been sized to infiltrate the Required Recharge Volume only to the maximum
extent practicable for the following reason:

- Site is comprised solely of C and D soils and/or bedrock at the land surface
- M.G.L. c. 21E sites pursuant to 310 CMR 40.0000
- Solid Waste Landfill pursuant to 310 CMR 19.000
- Project is otherwise subject to Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum extent practicable.
- Calculations showing that the infiltration BMPs will drain in 72 hours are provided.

Property includes a M.G.L. c. 21E site or a solid waste landfill and a mounding analysis is included.

¹ 80% TSS removal is required prior to discharge to infiltration BMP if Dynamic Field method is used.



Checklist (continued)

Standard 3: Recharge (continued)

The infiltration BMP is used to attenuate peak flows during storms greater than or equal to the 10year 24-hour storm and separation to seasonal high groundwater is less than 4 feet and a mounding analysis is provided.

Documentation is provided showing that infiltration BMPs do not adversely impact nearby wetland resource areas.

Standard 4: Water Quality

The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan typically includes the following:

- Good housekeeping practices;
- Provisions for storing materials and waste products inside or under cover;
- Vehicle washing controls;
- Requirements for routine inspections and maintenance of stormwater BMPs;
- Spill prevention and response plans;
- Provisions for maintenance of lawns, gardens, and other landscaped areas;
- Requirements for storage and use of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides;
- Pet waste management provisions;
- Provisions for operation and management of septic systems;
- Provisions for solid waste management;
- Snow disposal and plowing plans relative to Wetland Resource Areas;
- Winter Road Salt and/or Sand Use and Storage restrictions;
- Street sweeping schedules;
- Provisions for prevention of illicit discharges to the stormwater management system;
- Documentation that Stormwater BMPs are designed to provide for shutdown and containment in the event of a spill or discharges to or near critical areas or from LUHPPL;
- Training for staff or personnel involved with implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan;
- List of Emergency contacts for implementing Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- A Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan is attached to Stormwater Report and is included as an attachment to the Wetlands Notice of Intent.
- Treatment BMPs subject to the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement and the one inch rule for calculating the water quality volume are included, and discharge:
 - is within the Zone II or Interim Wellhead Protection Area
 - is near or to other critical areas
 - is within soils with a rapid infiltration rate (greater than 2.4 inches per hour)
 - involves runoff from land uses with higher potential pollutant loads.
- The Required Water Quality Volume is reduced through use of the LID site Design Credits.
- Calculations documenting that the treatment train meets the 80% TSS removal requirement and, if applicable, the 44% TSS removal pretreatment requirement, are provided.



Checklist (continued)

Standard 4: Water Quality (continued)

The equivalent flow rate associated with the Water Quality Volume and documentation is
provided showing that the BMP treats the required water quality volume.

The applicant proposes to use proprietary BMPs, and documentation supporting use of proprietary
BMP and proposed TSS removal rate is provided. This documentation may be in the form of the
propriety BMP checklist found in Volume 2, Chapter 4 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook
and submitting copies of the TARP Report, STEP Report, and/or other third party studies verifying
performance of the proprietary BMPs.

A TMDL exists that indicates a need to reduce pollutants other than TSS and documentation showing that the BMPs selected are consistent with the TMDL is provided.

Standard 5: Land Uses With Higher Potential Pollutant Loads (LUHPPLs)

- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) has been included with the Stormwater Report.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit covers the land use and the SWPPP will be submitted **prior to** the discharge of stormwater to the post-construction stormwater BMPs.
- The NPDES Multi-Sector General Permit does *not* cover the land use.
- LUHPPLs are located at the site and industry specific source control and pollution prevention measures have been proposed to reduce or eliminate the exposure of LUHPPLs to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff, and been included in the long term Pollution Prevention Plan.
- All exposure has been eliminated.
- All exposure has *not* been eliminated and all BMPs selected are on MassDEP LUHPPL list.
- The LUHPPL has the potential to generate runoff with moderate to higher concentrations of oil and grease (e.g. all parking lots with >1000 vehicle trips per day) and the treatment train includes an oil grit separator, a filtering bioretention area, a sand filter or equivalent.

Standard 6: Critical Areas

- The discharge is near or to a critical area and the treatment train includes only BMPs that MassDEP has approved for stormwater discharges to or near that particular class of critical area.
- Critical areas and BMPs are identified in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist (continued)

Standard 7: Redevelopments and Other Projects Subject to the Standards only to the maximum extent practicable

The project is subject to the Stormwater Management Standards only to the maximum Extent Practicable as a:

Limited Project
Limited Project

Small Residential Projects: 5-9 single family houses or 5-9 units in a multi-family development provided there is no discharge that may potentially affect a critical area.

Small Residential Projects: 2-4 single family houses or 2-4 units in a multi-family development with a discharge to a critical area

- Marina and/or boatyard provided the hull painting, service and maintenance areas are protected from exposure to rain, snow, snow melt and runoff
- Bike Path and/or Foot Path
- Redevelopment Project
- Redevelopment portion of mix of new and redevelopment.
- Certain standards are not fully met (Standard No. 1, 8, 9, and 10 must always be fully met) and an explanation of why these standards are not met is contained in the Stormwater Report.

☐ The project involves redevelopment and a description of all measures that have been taken to improve existing conditions is provided in the Stormwater Report. The redevelopment checklist found in Volume 2 Chapter 3 of the Massachusetts Stormwater Handbook may be used to document that the proposed stormwater management system (a) complies with Standards 2, 3 and the pretreatment and structural BMP requirements of Standards 4-6 to the maximum extent practicable and (b) improves existing conditions.

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control

A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan must include the following information:

- Narrative;
- Construction Period Operation and Maintenance Plan;
- Names of Persons or Entity Responsible for Plan Compliance;
- Construction Period Pollution Prevention Measures;
- Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan Drawings;
- Detail drawings and specifications for erosion control BMPs, including sizing calculations;
- Vegetation Planning;
- Site Development Plan;
- Construction Sequencing Plan;
- Sequencing of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Operation and Maintenance of Erosion and Sedimentation Controls;
- Inspection Schedule;
- Maintenance Schedule;
- Inspection and Maintenance Log Form.
- A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control Plan containing the information set forth above has been included in the Stormwater Report.



Checklist (continued)

Standard 8: Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and Sedimentation Control (continued)

The project is highly complex and information is included in the Stormwater Report that explains why
it is not possible to submit the Construction Period Pollution Prevention and Erosion and
Sedimentation Control Plan with the application. A Construction Period Pollution Prevention and
Erosion and Sedimentation Control has <i>not</i> been included in the Stormwater Report but will be
submitted before land disturbance begins.

- The project is *not* covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit and a copy of the SWPPP is in the Stormwater Report.
- The project is covered by a NPDES Construction General Permit but no SWPPP been submitted. The SWPPP will be submitted BEFORE land disturbance begins.

Standard 9: Operation and Maintenance Plan

\ge	The Post Construction Operation and Maintenance Plan is included in the Stormwater Report and
	includes the following information:

- Name of the stormwater management system owners;
- Party responsible for operation and maintenance;
- Schedule for implementation of routine and non-routine maintenance tasks;
- Plan showing the location of all stormwater BMPs maintenance access areas;
- Description and delineation of public safety features;
- Estimated operation and maintenance budget; and
- Operation and Maintenance Log Form.
- The responsible party is *not* the owner of the parcel where the BMP is located and the Stormwater Report includes the following submissions:
 - A copy of the legal instrument (deed, homeowner's association, utility trust or other legal entity) that establishes the terms of and legal responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the project site stormwater BMPs;
 - A plan and easement deed that allows site access for the legal entity to operate and maintain BMP functions.

Standard 10: Prohibition of Illicit Discharges

- The Long-Term Pollution Prevention Plan includes measures to prevent illicit discharges;
- An Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached;
- NO Illicit Discharge Compliance Statement is attached but will be submitted *prior to* the discharge of any stormwater to post-construction BMPs.

December 2018

PREPARED FOR:

Conway Solar, LLC. 101 Summer Street, 2nd Floor Boston, Massachusetts

RESPONSIBILITY:

The Owner, or assigns, will be responsible for implementation of the Operation and Maintenance Plan for the stormwater management system and Long Term Pollution Prevention Plan for the ground mounted solar photovoltaic installation and for any corrective action required.

SITE CONDITIONS:

The stormwater management system for the site includes a detention basin.

DETENTION BASIN(S):

- 1. The basin(s) shall be inspected for accumulated sediment at least twice per year and sediment shall be removed when depth is 12 inches or at least once every 10 years.
- 2. Basins shall be inspected at least twice per year and immediately following large storm events to determine if the basin is functioning as intended. Inspections should be conducted during wet weather to determine if the basin is meeting the targeted detention times (24-hour average detention time; 72-hour drawdown). The basins shall be checked for slope integrity, soil moisture, vegetative health, soil stability, soil compaction, soil erosion, ponding, and sedimentation. Any necessary repairs shall be made immediately.
- 3. During the first few months following construction, the basin shall be inspected to ensure that the proposed vegetation becomes adequately established.
- 4. At least twice during the growing season, the basin, side slopes, and embankments shall be mowed and accumulated trash and debris removed.
- 5. To maintain the dense growth of vegetation, periodic reseeding shall be performed.
- 6. Basins shall not be used for snow removal and yard waste disposal.
- 7. Outlet control structures, headwalls, and riprap aprons or riprap stilling basins shall be checked a minimum of once per year for evidence of clogging or flow restrictions and cleared as necessary. Any debris or accumulated sediments that could hinder flows shall be removed and disposed.

SPILL CONTAINMENT:

1. In the event of a reportable spill, the Owner or its representative shall be responsible for notifying the appropriate authorities of the spill. In the event that spill materials discharges from a containment

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structure (e.g., catch-basin or Stormwater Treatment Unit) the Owner shall be responsible for spill removal and restoration of the stormwater management system to its original condition in accordance with all applicable local and state regulations.

LAWN/LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE:

- 1. Apply pesticides and fertilizers properly; at the proper time of year and at proper application rates to ensure absorption.
- 2. Limit lawn watering: choose drought-tolerant landscaping and grasses, and use mulch and compost to retain moisture.
- 3. Under no circumstance shall the stormwater management system be used for yard waste and landscape debris.

VEGETATED FILTER STRIP MAINTENANCE

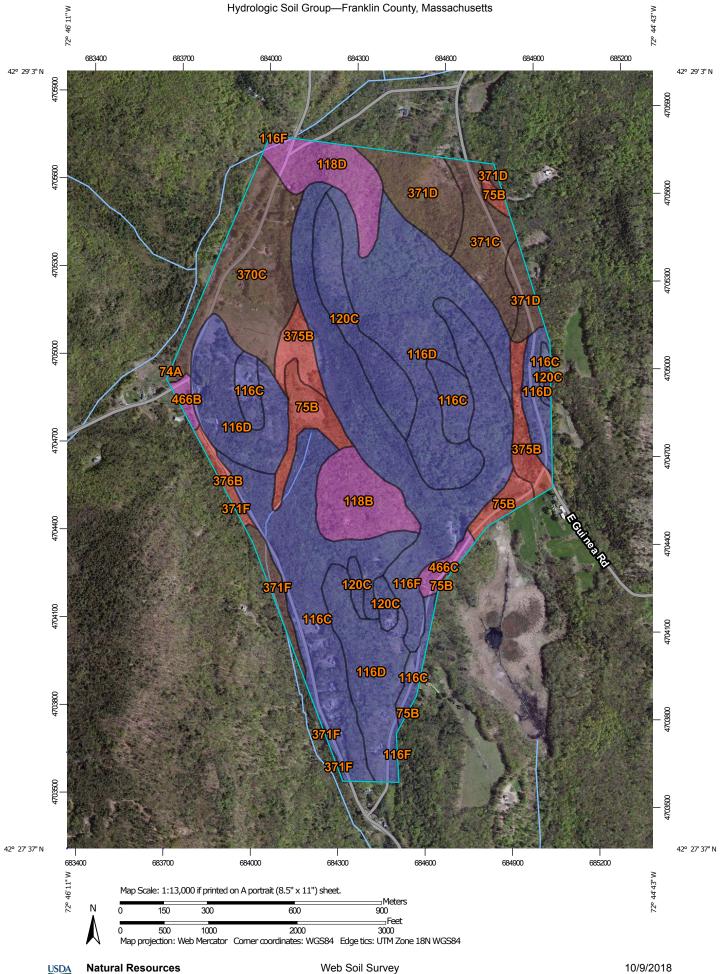
- 1. Conduct semi-annual inspections during the first year (and annually thereafter).
- 2. Inspect the vegetated border for sediment buildup. Check vegetation for signs of erosion and overall health to ensure stability.
- 3. Regular mowing of the grass is required.
- 4. Remove sediment that accumulates to prevent the formation of a berm.

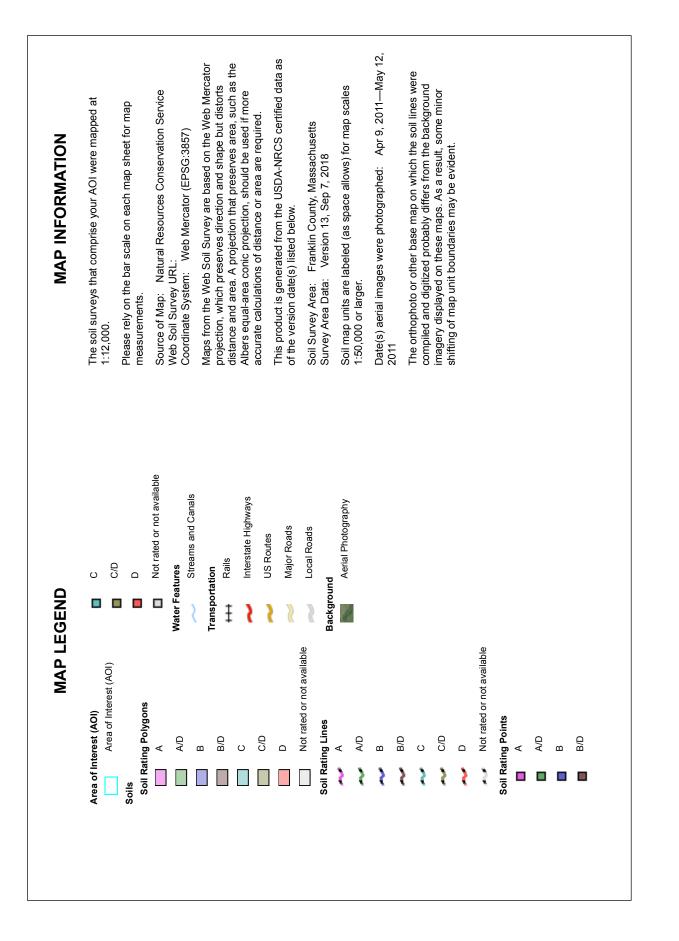
DEICING:

- 1. The use and loading rates for application of deicing salts should be limited to the minimum required to maintain safe vehicular and pedestrian travel.
- 2. Alternative materials such as sand or gravel, calcium chloride, and calcium magnesium acetate should be considered in areas adjacent stormwater management facilities and resource areas.
- 3. Deicing materials shall not be stored on site.

SNOW MANAGEMENT:

- 1. Snow shall be stockpiled in pervious areas as indicated on the plans where it can slowly infiltrate. Under no circumstance shall the stormwater management system be used for snow storage.
- 2. Avoid dumping/piling snow over catch basins or in drainage channels to prevent blockages and localized flooding of the drainage system.
- 3. The Owner shall be responsible to manage snow storage on-site and to ensure that snow is not stockpiled in such a manner as to be a nuisance or hazard. If necessary, snow shall be removed from the site and disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.
- 4. Sediments deposited from the snow storage areas shall be removed every spring.





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Hydrologic Soil Group

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
74A	Peacham mucky peat, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	D	0.1	0.0%
75B	Pillsbury fine sandy loam, 0 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	D	16.6	3.7%
116C	Millsite-Westminster complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, rocky	В	73.1	16.2%
116D	Millsite-Westminster complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, rocky	В	121.7	27.0%
116F	Millsite-Westminster complex, 25 to 50 percent slopes, rocky	В	69.0	15.3%
118B	Colrain-Millsite complex, 3 to 8 percent slopes, rocky	A	19.0	4.2%
118D	Colrain-Millsite complex, 15 to 25 percent slopes, rocky	A	18.1	4.0%
120C	Millsite-Westminster complex, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very rocky	В	24.8	5.5%
370C	Shelburne fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	B/D	38.3	8.5%
371C	Shelburne fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	B/D	17.3	3.8%
371D	Shelburne fine sandy loam, 15 to 25 percent slopes, very stony	B/D	24.0	5.3%
371F	Shelburne fine sandy loam, 25 to 45 percent slopes, very stony	B/D	4.8	1.1%
375B	Ashfield fine sandy loam, 1 to 8 percent slopes	D	14.4	3.2%
376B	Ashfield fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	D	3.1	0.7%
466B	Colrain fine sandy loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes, very stony	A	2.1	0.5%

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
466C	Colrain fine sandy loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes, very stony	A	3.6	0.8%
Totals for Area of Intere	est	449.9	100.0%	

Description

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

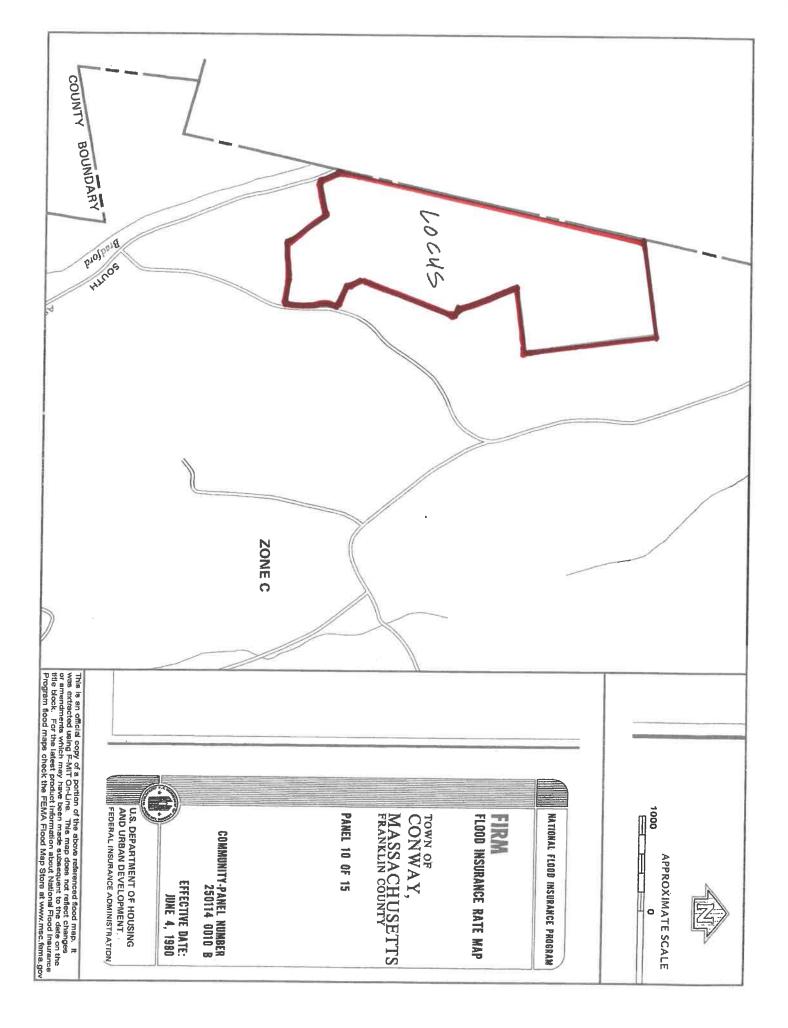
Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils of moderately fine texture or fine texture. These soils have a slow rate of water transmission.

Group D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate (high runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of clays that have a high shrink-swell potential, soils that have a high water table, soils that have a claypan or clay layer at or near the surface, and soils that are shallow over nearly impervious material. These soils have a very slow rate of water transmission.

If a soil is assigned to a dual hydrologic group (A/D, B/D, or C/D), the first letter is for drained areas and the second is for undrained areas. Only the soils that in their natural condition are in group D are assigned to dual classes.

Rating Options

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified Tie-break Rule: Higher





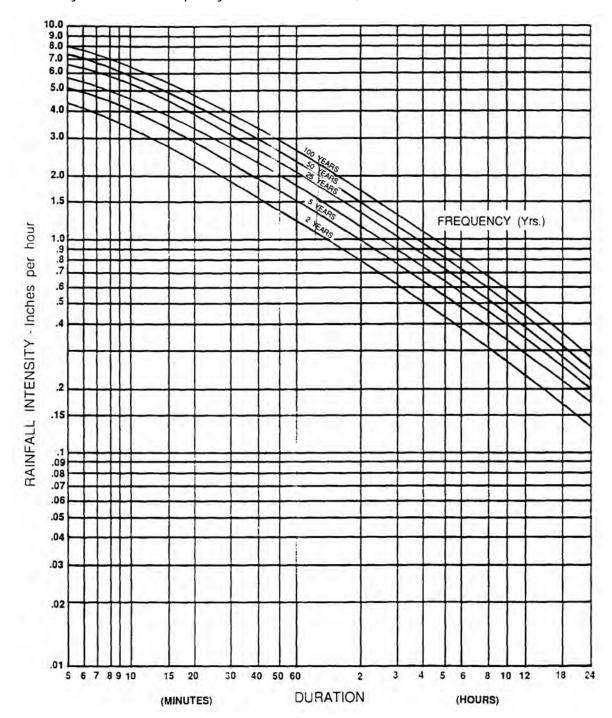


Exhibit 8-14 Intensity - Duration - Frequency Curve for Worcester, MA

Source: TR55 - Urban Hydrology for Small Wetlands, NRCS

Time Inflow Storage Elevation Outflow Discarded Primary (hours) (cfs) (cubic-feet) (feet) (cfs) (cfs) (cfs) 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.00 0 0.0 2.50 0.0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 5.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 7.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 10.00 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 12.50 4.4 8,294 1,239.40 3.5 0.1 3.4 15.00 0.7 3,945 1,237.99 1.0 0.1 0.9 17.50 0.3 2,087 1,237.20 0.4 0.0 0.4 0.2 1,237.08 0.3 0.2 20.00 1,837 0.0 0.2 1,753 1,237.04 0.2 0.0 0.2 22.50 25.00 0.0 1,428 1,236.87 0.1 0.0 0.0 27.50 0.0 1,023 1,236.65 0.0 0.0 0.0 30.00 0.0 661 1,236.44 0.0 0.0 0.0 32.50 0.0 326 1,236.23 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,236.02 0.0 0.0 0.0 35.00 0.0 28 37.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 40.00 0.0 0 42.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 45.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 47.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 50.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 52.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 55.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 57.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 60.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 62.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 65.00 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0 67.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 70.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 72.50 0 0.0 0.0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 75.00 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 77.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 80.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 82.50 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 85.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 87.50 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 90.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0 0.0 1,236.00 0.0 92.50 0.0 0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 95.00 0.0 0 1,236.00 0.0

Hydrograph for Pond DB-100: North East

